

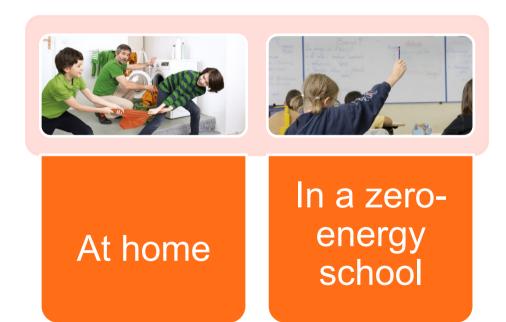
CHILDREN AND ENERGY ISSUES at home and at school

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02/06/2015

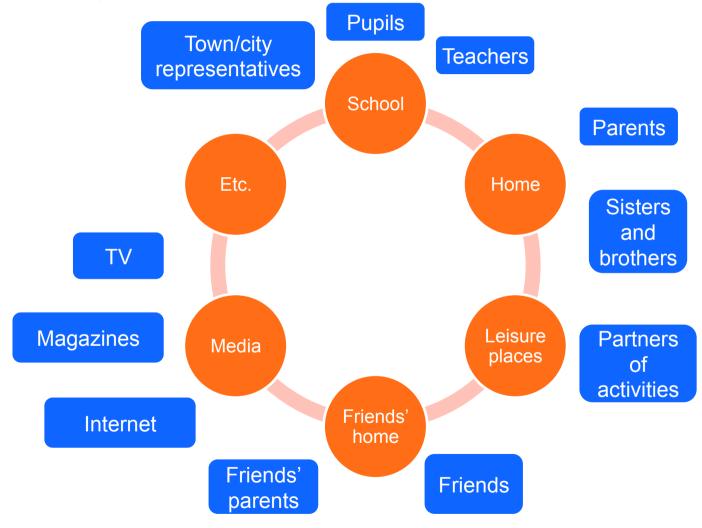
TWO STUDIES, ONE QUESTION

- Children: « good » ambassadors of energy savings or passive quents?
- Message ⇒ Shild ⇒ Diffusion
- Who/what shapes children's energy-related practices?
- Two case studies





CHILDREN ARE PART OF A NETWORK OF ACTORS, INFRASTRUCTURES AND SITUATIONS





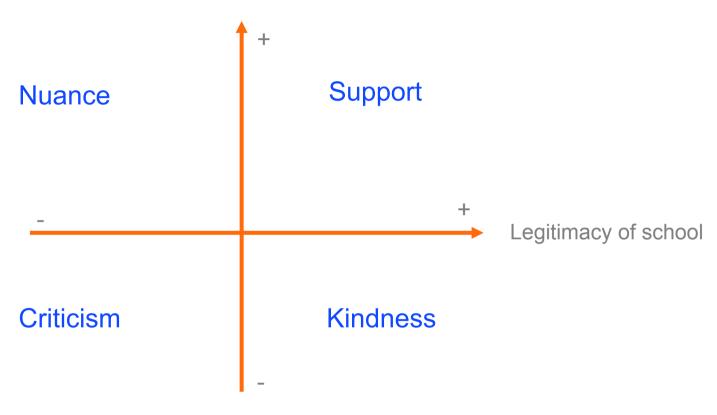
FRENCH SCHOOLS AND ENERGY

- There is a national program:
 - for environment (sustainable development)
 - □ For energy with 4 orientations: safety, technical science, production/consumption, savings
- But teachers have the choice of their educational methods and contents
- = > degrees of implication and contents really diverse
- Children are really concerned by environmental information coming from school
 - □ Less ambivalent than TV
 - Less tacky than parents



AT HOME: NEGOTIATIONS, POWER AND **EDUCATIONAL STRATEGIES**

Implementation of practices





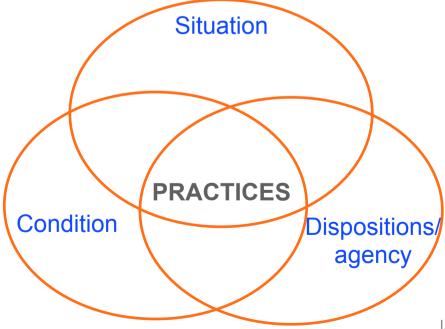
A ZERO-ENERGY SCHOOL AND ENERGY

- Is the infrastructure of this school (equipment, architecture, energy systems, etc.) influencing children's practices?
- Not really, because of:
 - A conflict between teachers' team and the local authority based on the territory of "pedagogy"
 - An architecture focused on energy performance but not on children's and staff's activities
 - An infrastructure that doesn't deploy the issue of "autonomy"



CONCLUSIONS

- Energy is a source of power and is used by people in their own objectives
 - □ That is a condition to become an issue
- Children need to be supported to become autonomous
 - Adults are needs as responsible actors
- Situations, conditions, dispositions: to explore further





Thank you.

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